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THE FIRST BALE.

The world's first bale of new-cotton for the season of 1911 reached Houston, Texas, Sunday and was sold at public auction on the floor of the Houston Cotton Exchange for \$1,015, or at the record-breaking price of a fraction over 2.25 lbs. per pound for first bales. It is earlier by ten days than any other bale of cotton in recorded history.

This means the opening up of a season in which the south is likely to surpass all the way from 12,000,000 to 15,000,000 bales of the fleece staple of the reasonable value of from \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000, to

Texas a crop of from 3,500,000 to 4,000,000 bales of the reasonable value of \$220,000,000 to \$280,000,000.

To add further interest to the arrival of this first bale was the fact that it came from the great Brownsville country where, until recently, there was but small agricultural development and the growing of cotton was un-dreamed of. Now there are thousands of fertile acres maturing the precious staple, and hundreds of thousands of just as rich acres undeveloped.

Texas will probably break all records this year for cotton production. She already has broken the record by turning out the first bale ten days ahead of time.

AMERICAN DOLLARS.

The London shop keepers are wroth over the failure of rich Americans to come to England in considerable numbers for the coronation. The big festivities are already under way but the crowds have been nothing near what were expected and the hotel keepers and taxi cab rates and declined to rent rooms for less than a month, are contented to find half their apartments empty and the traffic not much heavier than on ordinary occasions.

The American public is hard to convince that this country's idle rich are not actually rushing in silly hordes to the coronation, but it appears nevertheless that such is a fact. Some very rich men and women have even left London for Paris in the very face of the coronation, and the chagrin to the hotelkeepers may be imagined.

There is a side to the coronation that the people have not taken deeply into consideration. The great mass of the English people take the coronation as seriously as the people of this country regard the inauguration of a president. They resent the impudence of silly foreigners who have no interest in the event other than idle curiosity or question of social distinction. Some of the few Americans who have made themselves too conspicuous have received severe snubs from royalty and they got their just desserts.

If the coronation is nothing more than a side-show for London hotels and shops then it is a gaudy nothing and not worth seeing. If it is a state ceremony of significance and dignity, then the Londoners who have attempted to keep a small theatre open are a disgrace to the balance of the nation, and the knightly people on the whole should be glad that the American dollars did not pour in.

LOCKING THE DOOR.

The report that the federal authorities have adopted a more energetic policy for the suppression of insurrectionary conspiracies in this country against Central American governments must be gratifying to those of us who have felt that we are not altogether blameless for the frequent disturbances in that section. There probably has not been a revolutionary attempt made in Central America within the last ten years that was not promoted and organized in this country. We have become so lax in the performance of those duties imposed by the neutrality laws that within recent years revolutionary conspiracies have but little need to conceal their operations. In several instances they have openly declared their purposes and advertised the progress of their plots. If from our complicity they have inferred that we have been favorable to their enterprises, it was not a very logical deduction, and if similarly, Central American movements have argued that we were secretly fomenting these insurrections, our tolerance of the conspiracies gave them no little justification for that belief, and we have no doubt it is

one of the causes of the distressing which is sent to obtain ascendancy in Central America.

The standard comparison of city and country students at school recently saw shown some interesting results, says the Providence Journal. The city kids have a better capacity for mental concentration, but rural youths are, hair on their sides, three pounds heavier and broader in the chest. The city boy, when asked at the school, "Does more human training and sentiment" into his mind, with the country boy puts more emotion into his resolution, "because as I'm thinking of the woods, the birds, the streams and the fields." These feelings are rendered additionally impressive by the fact that no fewer than 3,723 students were examined for the purpose of comparison. There is nothing surprising in the results, but they have an obvious bearing on educational methods. They point, among other things, to the desirability of more life in the school for city youths, and for their country cousins a more intimate contact with the wholesome moulding processes of the towns.

Two switch engines collided at Gladys the other day and after thoroughly demonstrating that an irresistible force cannot meet an immovable object they both rolled off the right of way without injuring anyone.

Honest judges are needed to make the parole system a success, according to speakers before the Society of Charities and Corrections. Honest judges are needed to make most any old system a success.

To the close of 1910, 353 persons had been granted aviators' licenses in France, 48 in Germany, 45 in England, 22 in Italy, 27 in Belgium and 26 in the United States.

The senate is considering the re-privacy bill and is therefore in the same fix as the small boy going swimming who first wiggles his big toe in the water to see how cold it is.

An agitation has started against Champ Clark in Texas because some dug up a photograph of the speaker when he was a young man showing him wearing side whiskers.

The Democratic party is now engaged in the pleasant task of reading Senator Baines out of the party. There is Mr. Bryan, also.

Uncle Joe Cannon has the greatest contempt for Diaz. Diaz went to Spain, but look at Uncle Joe. He is right on the job, black cigar and all.

That terrific downpour at El Paso evidently was a great relief after the dead calm following the taking of James.

General Reyes continues to assert that he will not oppose Madero for the presidency. The general is not ambitious.

The Albuquerque boys always thought all southern girls were pretty until that delegation arrived yesterday.

John Kiling traded to Boston, naturally objects to going to a city where a perfectly good ketcher is called a "cowichah."

However, up to the present, no widespread movement has been noted against the Sunday wedding.

POPE PIUS RECEIVES GALLUP PILGRIM

Gallup, N. M., June 15.—Miss Annie E. Muller of this city, who is traveling abroad with her daughter, Dorothy, has been received by Pope Pius X at the option of Rome, according to a letter received here. She writes that Rome is a city of churches, that her hotel is entirely surrounded by places of worship. The letter in part follows:

"Today has been a great day for us, as we were presented to the holiness, and I will not forget it as long as I live. I had a letter from Bishop O'Reilly to McGuire Kennedy, rector of the American college here, and as soon as we arrived I drove over and presented my letter. The next morning we were given audience. I wore all black with a lace scarf on my head and Dorothy wore white. We drove over to the vicarage in a closed carriage and after waiting a half hour the pope appeared.

He was escorted by the Swiss guards and cardinals and nobles, and passed us all and we knelt and kissed his ring, and he then blessed us and all the things we had with us. I had a very blessed tour each of you. Our hotel is entirely surrounded by churches. I never saw so many churches and priests in all my life. We visited the tombs and columbariums and all the churches of interest, also the catacombs. We leave next week for Florence and will be there eight days, then on to Venice.

"Rome is certainly a wonderful city. I had quite a time with the money exchange but can do almost as well as the Italians now."

WILLARD TO HAVE A STREET FAIR THIS MONTH

Products and Resources of the Valley to Be Exhibited in Hastings Town. Will Be Shown Here Later.

The 21, 22 and 23 of this month are going to be red letter days for Willard. On these dates the first street fair ever held in the valley will be in full swing, and the exposition of products and resources made will be far in excess of many other fairs that have been held by much more thickly settled communities.

The fair will be a success. Every man who lives in or near Willard is working for it, and many very fine exhibits will be made. If that is not enough, the executive committee is one that could make anything go, even a hundred watch. This committee is composed of the officers of the fair who are as follows:

President, Dr. V. S. Cheaney; secretary, R. L. Hill; treasurer, E. M. Bricker.

Seven camping places will be in operation at the time of the fair. These and many other matters will serve to interest the visitor in the possibilities of the valley.

As the rains this year have been very good the crops are assured. The rains at Willard the past few days have been even heavier than they have been here, and as rain means all kinds of money to the dry farmer, and the man who must pump his water, it will be seen that Willard and the surrounding valley are in a highly prosperous condition this year, probably the best they have ever known.

Dr. V. S. Cheaney, president of the fair, is in Albuquerque today. Speaking of the prospects, he said:

"The rains so far have been fine, the best we ever had. The farmers of Willard are looking forward to a year that will eclipse all former years. This year put Willard on her feet and conditions are so good that I can hardly exaggerate in telling of them, no matter how well I may speak. Of course, lots of people would say, Well, here's to Willard, but living that aside, Willard is really in fine shape and we are surely going to have a mighty little little town over there."

"Crop prospects are fine, and some wool has come in, though not much. It has sold for 12-12 cents a pound.

We expect to have a general good

time during the three days of the fair and will hold a barbecue and other items to the public pleasure.

Dr. Cheaney is riding a well on his place, three miles north of Willard, and says that he believes he has the very best location in the valley. The ranch on which it is sits is located in the mouth of a large arroyo and there is an abundant flow of underground water. The railroad runs through this ranch, and a project is on foot among the ranchers of that section to get a railroad station from the company at that point.

Dr. Cheaney said: "Such a station would be for freight only at present, but there would be lots of use for it. Many of the ranchers now have to haul their supplies from Willard, which is three miles further away and the road is not at all good. If we can get a station, and the railroad promises us one, we will likely build a co-operative general warehouse at the station, and store supplies in it. Such a place would afford a storage space for our crops, until we could ship cooperatively, in car lots, or where we might hold them for better prices. It would be insured of course with its contents."

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"What's the matter, Miss Dalton?" asked the village wags. "You never laugh at any of my jokes?"

"I have been taught never to laugh at the old and decrepit." —Chicago Record-Herald.

Danderine

Grows Hair
and we can

PROVE IT!

DANDERINE is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating, stimulating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow abundantly long, strong and beautiful. It at once imparts a sparkling brilliancy and velvety softness to the hair, and a few weeks' use will cause new hair to sprout all over the scalp. Use it every day for a short time, after which two or three times a week will be sufficient to complete whatever growth you desire.

A lady from St. Paul writes in substance, as follows:

"When I began using Danderine my hair was thin and sparse, and now it is very full and thick."

Another from Newark, N. J.:

"I have been using Danderine regularly. When I first started to use it I had very little hair, but now it is most beautiful long and thick hair anyone could want."

NOW at all druggists in three sizes, 25c, 30c and \$1.00 per bottle.

Danderine enjoys a greater sale than any other one preparation regardless of kind or brand, and it has a much greater sale than all of the other hair preparations in the world combined.

Free To those who buy Danderine
Cut sample free to return mail to:
KNOWLTON DANDERINE CO.
Chicago, Ill.

With their name and address and inclose postage or stamps to pay postage.

**RAINS THROUGHOUT PECOS VALLEY BEE CURRY AND QUAY MEN ELECT HEADS**

General Precipitation In Eastern Portions of New Mexico Are Great Stimulus to Growing Crops.

Special Correspondence to the Herald

Clovis, N. M., June 15.—Tuesday afternoon and evening a heavy rainfall set in this region soaking the ground for two inches in depth, a light rain Sunday already had refreshed the crops and prospects for the entire year for many years. Reports from Grady, Holloman, St. Vrain, Melrose and all points Curry and Quay counties state the rainfall while not heavy in every section was general. Clovis county has the largest acreage in cultivation in its history. Ruidoso, mint maize and Indian corn, are the prevailing crops near this city but in the northern part of the country and near Grady the farmers are making an extensive experiment with green corn.

Yesterday a special train from St. Louis bearing several hundred delegates to the National Sunday School convention in San Francisco passed through this city.

James O'Hara and wife arrived in Clovis Tuesday noon. O'Hara, who was recently married, is the son of Mr. O'Hara, the manager of the H. C. Hagerman was re-elected secretary.

Hagerman was chosen as the meeting place of the association next fall, the first Wednesday in October.

A committee was authorized to confer with the bartonite board and territorial officials relative to the drafting of a law governing spraying, also to take up the matter of pest control and other disease among the bee men say that spraying at certain times of the year is very detrimental to the bees, hence the action of the association to have regulation.

G. E. Dudley of Dexter, W. H. Crawford and R. M. Stearns of this city were appointed to confer with the local dealers in regard to the purchase of bee supplies.

The program was as follows, and at the conclusion many speeches were offered for the betterment and advancement of the association.

Practical demonstration in handling bees the cages on the Russell hotel lawn, A. J. Crawford.

Annual address of president, R. B. Stamps.

"Location of Apilares," George E. Dudley.

"Bee Keeping in Florida," J. W. R. Thompson.

Many local real estate dealers gave gene to the big festival at St. Louis this week. Lots of business and residential sections were sold at auction by men in charge of the townships which is owned by the Santa Fe. Among the number from Clovis who have gone there this week are Messrs. J. Finch, Barber House, John Anderson, Bill Knight, Frank Burns, Attorney, W. D. McKey, Dr. Scott and Cash Romey. The last named man having bought an addition to the town station on addition.

Funeral services of the late John B. Hayden were conducted Wednesday afternoon at the residence by Rev. S. H. Jones, pastor of the Presbyterian church in this city and the remains interred here from Missouri to lie near his son, J. S. Hayden, of the Security Title and Investment company of this city. A prominent citizen since his son was born, he is survived by his wife and three daughters, one of whom is Miss Lou Hayden, a teacher in the city high school.

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